



Using Navigation Buttons

Back & Forward Buttons



The Back button will revisit the Web site from which you navigated.

The Forward button does the opposite from the Back button. If you clicked the Back button by accident, clicking the Forward button will prompt the browser to use the data stored in its cache to revisit a Web site again.

Stop Button



The Stop button will force Internet Explorer to stop loading the current Web page.

Refresh Button



The Refresh Button will make Internet Explorer send a request to reload an entire Web page from the host server again.

Home Button



The Home Button will always navigate back to the first Web site that Internet Explorer loads upon launching the browser.

Favorites Center & Add Favorite



These buttons will open the Favorites Center and add the current URL in the current tab to your Favorites.

The Favorite Center gives you access to any RSS feeds you are subscribed to and lets you review your browsing history.

Key Terms

Browser	A browser is a program that finds and displays text, images, and other data from the World Wide Web or some other network. Common browsers include Microsoft Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, Netscape Navigator, and Opera Web Browser.
Cache	Memory used by a browser to store recently and frequently accessed data.
Cookies	A small piece of information stored on the computer when someone uses the World Wide Web. A cookie usually contains a username, password, time and date stamp, or other information pertaining to a particular place on the World Wide Web.
E-mail	A means of sending electronic messages from one computer to another over the World Wide Web or other network. An e-mail may contain data other than text, such as image and music files.
FTP	Acronym for File Transfer Protocol. A type of communication protocol used to transfer data from one computer directly to another.
Home Page	A home page is a particular Web site on the World Wide Web or other network that is displayed as soon as a browser program is launched.
HTML	Acronym for Hyper Text Markup Language. HTML is the main language of the Internet.
HTTP	Acronym for Hyper Text Transfer Protocol; a type of communication protocol used mainly to transfer Web site information (like HTML files) and components over the World Wide Web or other network to a user's computer.
Hyperlink	A reference point from one document to another or from one part of a document to another part of the same document.
Internet	Synonym for World Wide Web, which is a large collection of interconnected computer networks that span the globe.
ISP	Acronym for Internet Service Provider. An ISP is like a phone company that, instead of voice communication, sells access to the Internet to large corporations and individual users alike.
Phishing	Phishing is a type of identity theft that works by creating a website that looks like a legitimate company, such as an online retailer or a bank, and prompt the user to enter personal information.
RSS	Acronym for Really Simple Syndication (or sometimes Rich Site Summary). RSS is similar to a wired news source.
Search Engine	A program that gathers information about Web sites and documents on the Internet that are relevant to a particular search term or phrase.
URL	Acronym for Uniform Resource Locator; refers to the address of a particular Web site or other resource on the Internet.
Web Site	One or more individual pages on the Internet that contain information.
World Wide Web	Synonym for Internet; a name given to all documents on all servers that are accessible via HTTP protocol on the Internet.

Safety Tips

- ✓ Downloading movies and music with third party programs can be risky.
- ✓ Make sure your anti-virus software is always up to date and check for spyware frequently.
- ✓ Make sure that your version of Windows is up to date.
- ✓ If you receive an e-mail from a person or organization you don't know, be careful if you open the e-mail or any of the attachments.
- ✓ If you do receive an e-mail or download a file that contains a program, make sure you are fully aware of what the program is before you run or install it.
- ✓ Don't install multiple firewalls or anti-virus software.
- ✓ Play it safe; use your own judgment.

